Chairman Linda Cropp	Councilmember Carol Schwartz
Councilmember Phil Mendelson	_
	A BILL
IN THE COUN	NCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Councilmember Carol Schwartz in Committee on	ntroduced the following bill, which was referred to the
•	Act of 1982 to revise the presumptions that shall be made alcohol in a person's blood, urine, or breath.
BE IT ENACTED BY THI	E COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this
act may be cited as the "Anti-Drun	k Driving Clarification Amendment Act of 2005".
Sec. 2. Section 2 of the A	nti-Drunk Driving Act of 1982, effective September 14, 1982
(D.C. Law 4-145; D.C. Official Co	ode § 50-2205.02), is amended to read as follows:
"Sec. 2. If as the result of the	he operation of the vehicle, any person is tried in any court of
competent jurisdiction within the I	District of Columbia for operating such vehicle while under the
influence of any intoxicating liquo	or or while the ability to operate a vehicle is impaired by the
consumption of intoxicating liquor	r in violation of section 10(b) of the District of Columbia
Traffic Act of 1925, approved Mar	rch 3, 1925, as amended (43 Stat. 1124; District of Columbia
Official Code § 50-2201.05(b)), ne	egligent homicide in violation of section 802(a) of An Act To
establish a code of law for the Dist	trict of Columbia, approved March 3, 1901, as amended, (49

Stat. 385; District of Columbia Official Code § 50-2203.01), or manslaughter committed in the operation of such vehicle in violation of section 802 of An Act To establish a code of law for the District of Columbia, approved March 3, 1901, as amended, (49 Stat. 385; District of Columbia Official Code § 22-2105), and in the course of such trial there is received in evidence, based upon a chemical test, evidence of alcohol in the defendant's blood, urine, or breath, it shall give rise to the following rebuttable presumptions:

"(1) If at the time of testing defendant's blood contained .05% or less, by weight, of
alcohol, or defendant's urine contained .06% or less, by weight, of alcohol, or .24 or fewer
micrograms of alcohol were contained in 1 milliliter of his or her breath, consisting of
substantially alveolar air, this evidence shall establish a presumption that the defendant was not,
at the time, under the influence of intoxicating liquor, and

12 "(2) If at the time of testing defendant's blood contained more than .05% but less than 13 .08%, by weight, of alcohol, or defendant's urine contained more than .06% but less than .10%, 14 by weight, of alcohol, or more than .24 but less than .38 micrograms of alcohol were contained in 1 milliliter of his or her breath, consisting of substantially alveolar air, this evidence shall not 15 16 establish a presumption that the defendant was or was not, at the time, under the influence of 17 intoxicating liquor, but it may be considered with other competent evidence in determining 18 whether the defendant was under the influence of intoxicating liquor, and 19 "(3) If at the time of testing defendant's blood contained .08 or more, by weight, of alcohol, or 20 defendant's urine contained .10% or more, by weight, of alcohol, or .38 micrograms or more of 21 alcohol were contained in 1 milliliter of his or her breath, consisting of substantially alveolar air,

this evidence shall constitute prima facie evidence that the defendant was, at the time, under the

1	influence of intoxicating liquor and that, while the defendant was operating or in physical control
2	of a vehicle, his or her ability to operate a vehicle was impaired by the consumption of
3	intoxicating liquor.".
4	Sec. 3. Fiscal impact statement.
5	The Council adopts the fiscal impact statement in the committee report as the fiscal
6	impact statement required by section 602(c)(3) of the District of Columbia Home Rule Act,
7	approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 813; D.C. Official Code § 1-206.02(c)(3)).
8	Sec. 4. Effective date.
9	This act shall take effect following approval by the Mayor (or in the event of veto by the
10	Mayor, action by the Council to override the veto), and shall remain in effect for no longer than
11	90 days, as provided for emergency acts of the Council of the District of Columbia in section
12	412(a) of the District of Columbia Home Rule Act, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 788;
13	D.C. Official Code § 1-204.12(a)).