SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5104

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By Senate Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Sheldon, Rolfes, Fortunato, Schoesler, and O'Ban)

READ FIRST TIME 02/07/19.

AN ACT Relating to prohibiting local governments from imposing 1 amending RCW 35.23.452, 2 vehicle tolls; 35.74.010, 36.73.015, 36.73.040, 36.73.065, 36.73.067, 36.73.170, 36.120.050, 36.120.130, 3 and 47.56.820; reenacting and amending RCW 36.120.020; adding a new 4 5 section to chapter 35.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35A.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.01 RCW; and repealing RCW 6 7 35.74.050, 35.74.060, and 35.74.070.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 35.21 10 RCW to read as follows:

11 No city or town may impose vehicle tolls.

12 Sec. 2. RCW 35.23.452 and 1965 c 7 s 35.24.300 are each amended 13 to read as follows:

The city council of such city shall have power to purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire real estate and personal property necessary or proper for municipal purposes and to control, lease, sublease, convey or otherwise dispose of the same; to acquire and plat land for cemeteries and parks and provide for the regulation thereof, including but not limited to the right to lease any waterfront and other lands adjacent thereto owned by it for

manufacturing, commercial or other business purposes; including but 1 not limited to the right to lease for wharf, dock and other purposes 2 of navigation and commerce such portions of its streets which bound 3 upon or terminate in its waterfront or the navigable waters of such 4 city, subject, however, to the written consent of the lessees of a 5 6 majority of the square feet frontage of the harbor area abutting on 7 any street proposed to be so leased. No lease of streets or waterfront shall be for longer than ten years and the rental therefor 8 shall be fixed by the city council. Every such lease shall contain a 9 clause that at intervals of every five years during the term thereof 10 11 the rental to be paid by the lessee shall be readjusted between the lessee and the city by mutual agreement, or in default of such mutual 12 agreement that the rental shall be fixed by arbitrators to be 13 appointed one by the city council, one by the lessee and the third by 14 the two thus appointed. No such lease shall be made until the city 15 16 council has first caused notice thereof to be published in the official newspaper of such city at least fifteen days and in one 17 issue thereof each week prior to the making of such lease, which 18 notice shall describe the portion of the street proposed to be 19 leased, to whom, for what purpose, and the rental to be charged 20 21 therefor. The city may improve part of such waterfront or street extensions by building inclines, wharves, gridirons and other 22 accommodations for shipping, commerce and navigation and may charge 23 and collect for service and use thereof reasonable rates ((and 24 25 tolls)).

26 Sec. 3. RCW 35.74.010 and 1965 c 7 s 35.74.010 are each amended 27 to read as follows:

Every city and town may erect and maintain drawbridges across navigable streams that flow through or penetrate the boundaries thereof, when the public necessity requires it((, or it may grant franchises to persons or corporations to erect them and charge toll thereon)).

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 35A.21 34 RCW to read as follows:

35 No code city may impose vehicle tolls.

36 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 36.01 37 RCW to read as follows: 2 Sec. 6. RCW 36.73.015 and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 44 s 311 are each 3 amended to read as follows:

4 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 5 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

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(1) "City" means a city or town.

7 (2) "District" means a transportation benefit district created8 under this chapter.

9 (3) "Low-income" means household income set by the district 10 creating the rebate program that is at or below seventy-five percent 11 of the median household income, adjusted for household size, for the 12 district in which the fees((τ)) or taxes((τ) were imposed.

(4) "Rebate program" means an optional program established by a 13 transportation benefit district that includes a city with a 14 15 population of five hundred thousand persons or more for the purpose 16 of providing rebates to low-income individuals for fees $((\tau))$ or 17 taxes((_ and/or tolls)) imposed by such transportation benefit 18 district for: (a) Vehicle fees imposed under RCW 36.73.040(3)(b); and 19 (b) sales and use taxes imposed under RCW 36.73.040(3)(a)((; and/or 20 (c) tolls imposed under RCW 36.73.040(3)(d))).

(5) "Supplemental transportation improvement" or "supplemental improvement" means any project, work, or undertaking to provide public transportation service, in addition to a district's existing or planned voter-approved transportation improvements, proposed by a participating city member of the district under RCW 36.73.180.

(6) "Transportation improvement" means a project contained in the 26 transportation plan of the state, a regional transportation planning 27 28 organization, city, county, or eligible jurisdiction as identified in RCW 36.73.020(2). A project may include investment in new or existing 29 30 highways of statewide significance, principal arterials of regional 31 significance, high capacity transportation, public transportation, and other transportation projects and programs of regional or 32 statewide significance including transportation demand management. 33 Projects may also include the operation, preservation, and 34 35 maintenance of these facilities or programs.

36 Sec. 7. RCW 36.73.040 and 2008 c 122 s 17 are each amended to 37 read as follows:

1 (1) A transportation benefit district is a quasi-municipal 2 corporation, an independent taxing "authority" within the meaning of 3 Article VII, section 1 of the state Constitution, and a "taxing 4 district" within the meaning of Article VII, section 2 of the state 5 Constitution.

(2) A transportation benefit district constitutes a body 6 corporate and possesses all the usual powers of a corporation for 7 public purposes as well as all other powers that may now or hereafter 8 be specifically conferred by statute, including, but not limited to, 9 the authority to hire employees, staff, and services, to enter into 10 11 contracts, to acquire, hold, and dispose of real and personal 12 property, and to sue and be sued. Public works contract limits applicable to the jurisdiction that established the district apply to 13 14 the district.

(3) To carry out the purposes of this chapter, and subject to the provisions of RCW 36.73.065, a district is authorized to impose the following taxes, fees, <u>and</u> charges((, and tolls)):

18 19 (a) A sales and use tax in accordance with RCW 82.14.0455;

(b) A vehicle fee in accordance with RCW 82.80.140; and

(c) A fee or charge in accordance with RCW 36.73.120. However, if a county or city within the district area is levying a fee or charge for a transportation improvement, the fee or charge shall be credited against the amount of the fee or charge imposed by the district. Developments consisting of less than twenty residences are exempt from the fee or charge under RCW 36.73.120((; and

26 (d) Vehicle tolls on state routes, city streets, or county roads, 27 within the boundaries of the district, unless otherwise prohibited by 28 law. However, consistent with RCW 47.56.820, the vehicle toll must 29 first be authorized by the legislature if the toll is imposed on a state route. The department of transportation shall administer the 30 31 collection of vehicle tolls authorized on state routes, unless otherwise specified in law or by contract, and the state 32 33 transportation commission, or its successor, may approve, set, and 34 impose the tolls in amounts sufficient to implement the district's transportation improvement finance plan. The district shall 35 administer the collection of vehicle tolls authorized on city streets 36 37 or county roads, and shall set and impose the tolls in amounts sufficient to implement the district's transportation improvement 38 39 plan. However, consistent with RCW 47.56.850, the vehicle toll, 40 including any change in an existing toll rate, must first be reviewed and approved by the tolling authority designated in RCW 47.56.850 if the toll, or change in toll rate, would have a significant impact, as determined by the tolling authority, on the operation of any state facility)).

5 Sec. 8. RCW 36.73.065 and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 44 s 309 are each 6 amended to read as follows:

7 (1) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, taxes, fees, and charges((, and tolls)) may not be imposed by a district 8 without approval of a majority of the voters in the district voting 9 10 on a proposition at a general or special election. The proposition 11 must include a specific description of: (a) The transportation improvement or improvements proposed by the district; (b) any rebate 12 program proposed to be established under RCW 36.73.067; and (c) the 13 proposed taxes, fees, and charges((, and the range of tolls)) imposed 14 15 by the district to raise revenue to fund the improvement or 16 improvements or rebate program, as applicable.

17 (2) Voter approval under this section must be accorded 18 substantial weight regarding the validity of a transportation 19 improvement as defined in RCW 36.73.015.

(3) A district may not increase any taxes, fees, <u>or</u> charges((, or range of tolls)) imposed or change a rebate program under this chapter once the taxes, fees, charges, ((tolls,)) or rebate program takes effect, except:

(a) If authorized by the district voters pursuant to RCW36.73.160;

(b) With respect to a change in a rebate program, a material change policy adopted pursuant to RCW 36.73.160 is followed and the change does not reduce the percentage level or rebate amount;

(c) For up to forty dollars of the vehicle fee authorized in RCW
82.80.140 by the governing board of the district if a vehicle fee of
twenty dollars has been imposed for at least twenty-four months; or

(d) For up to fifty dollars of the vehicle fee authorized in RCW 82.80.140 by the governing board of the district if a vehicle fee of forty dollars has been imposed for at least twenty-four months and a district has met the requirements of subsection (6) of this section.

36 (4)(a) A district that includes all the territory within the 37 boundaries of the jurisdiction, or jurisdictions, establishing the 38 district may impose by a majority vote of the governing board of the 39 district the following fees and charges:

(i) Up to twenty dollars of the vehicle fee authorized in RCW
 82.80.140;

3 (ii) Up to forty dollars of the vehicle fee authorized in RCW 4 82.80.140 if a vehicle fee of twenty dollars has been imposed for at 5 least twenty-four months;

6 (iii) Up to fifty dollars of the vehicle fee authorized in RCW 7 82.80.140 if a vehicle fee of forty dollars has been imposed for at 8 least twenty-four months and a district has met the requirements of 9 subsection (6) of this section; or

10

(iv) A fee or charge in accordance with RCW 36.73.120.

11 (b) The vehicle fee authorized in (a) of this subsection may only 12 be imposed for a passenger-only ferry transportation improvement if 13 the vehicle fee is first approved by a majority of the voters within 14 the jurisdiction of the district.

15 (c)(i) A district solely comprised of a city or cities may not 16 impose the fees or charges identified in (a) of this subsection 17 within one hundred eighty days after July 22, 2007, unless the county 18 in which the city or cities reside, by resolution, declares that it 19 will not impose the fees or charges identified in (a) of this 20 subsection within the one hundred eighty-day period; or

(ii) A district solely comprised of a city or cities identified in RCW 36.73.020(6)(b) may not impose the fees or charges until after May 22, 2008, unless the county in which the city or cities reside, by resolution, declares that it will not impose the fees or charges identified in (a) of this subsection through May 22, 2008.

(5) If the interlocal agreement in RCW 82.80.140(2)(a) cannot be 26 reached, a district that includes only the unincorporated territory 27 of a county may impose by a majority vote of the governing body of 28 the district up to: (a) Twenty dollars of the vehicle fee authorized 29 in RCW 82.80.140, (b) forty dollars of the vehicle fee authorized in 30 31 RCW 82.80.140 if a fee of twenty dollars has been imposed for at 32 least twenty-four months, or (c) fifty dollars of the vehicle fee authorized in RCW 82.80.140 if a vehicle fee of forty dollars has 33 been imposed for at least twenty-four months and a district has met 34 the requirements of subsection (6) of this section. 35

36 (6) If a district intends to impose a vehicle fee of more than 37 forty dollars by a majority vote of the governing body of the 38 district, the governing body must publish notice of this intention, 39 in one or more newspapers of general circulation within the district, 40 by April 1st of the year in which the vehicle fee is to be imposed.

If within ninety days of the date of publication a petition is filed 1 with the county auditor containing the signatures of eight percent of 2 the number of voters registered and voting in the district for the 3 office of the governor at the last preceding gubernatorial election, 4 the county auditor must canvass the signatures in the same manner as 5 6 prescribed in RCW 29A.72.230 and certify their sufficiency to the 7 governing body within two weeks. The proposition to impose the vehicle fee must then be submitted to the voters of the district at a 8 special election, called for this purpose, no later than the date on 9 which a primary election would be held under RCW 29A.04.311. The 10 11 vehicle fee may then be imposed only if approved by a majority of the voters of the district voting on the proposition. 12

13 Sec. 9. RCW 36.73.067 and 2012 c 152 s 2 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

15 (1) A district that: (a) Includes a city with a population of 16 five hundred thousand persons or more; and (b) imposes a vehicle fee 17 under RCW 36.73.040(3)(b)($(_{\tau})$) or sales and use taxes under RCW 18 36.73.040(3)(a)($(_{\tau}$ or tolls under RCW 36.73.040(3)(d) $_{\tau}$)) may 19 establish a rebate program for the purposes of providing rebates of 20 up to forty percent of the actual fee($(_{\tau})$) or tax($(_{\tau}$ or toll)) paid 21 by a low-income individual.

22 (2) Funds collected from a vehicle fee under RCW 36.73.040(3)(b) 23 $((_{\tau}))$ or sales and use tax under RCW 36.73.040(3)(a) $((_{or tolls under}$ 24 $\frac{RCW - 36.73.040(3)(d)}{(d)})$ may be used for a rebate program established 25 under this section.

(3) A district that establishes a rebate program is responsible
 for the development and administration of the program and all
 functions and costs associated with the rebate program.

(4) A district that establishes a rebate program under this section must report back to the legislature two years after the program takes effect. The report must include, but is not limited to, a detailed description of the structure of the program, the average rebate, the total amount of rebates issued, and the number of people that received rebates.

35 Sec. 10. RCW 36.73.170 and 2005 c 336 s 19 are each amended to 36 read as follows:

37 Within thirty days of the completion of the construction of the 38 transportation improvement or series of improvements authorized by a

district, the district shall terminate day-to-day operations and 1 exist solely as a limited entity that oversees the collection of 2 revenue and the payment of debt service or financing still in effect, 3 if any and to carry out the requirements of RCW 36.73.160. The 4 district shall accordingly adjust downward its employees, 5 administration, and overhead expenses. Any taxes, fees, <u>or</u> charges(($_{ au}$ 6 7 or tolls)) imposed by the district terminate when the financing or debt service on the transportation improvement or series of 8 improvements constructed is completed and paid and notice is provided 9 to the departments administering the taxes. Any excess revenues 10 11 collected must be disbursed to the participating jurisdictions of the 12 district in proportion to their population, using population estimates prepared by the office of financial management. The 13 14 district shall dissolve itself and cease to exist thirty days after the financing or debt service on the transportation improvement, or 15 16 series of improvements, constructed is completed and paid. If there 17 is no debt outstanding, then the district shall dissolve within thirty days from completion of construction of the transportation 18 19 improvement or series of improvements authorized by the district. Notice of dissolution must be published in newspapers of general 20 circulation within the district at least three times in a period of 21 22 thirty days. Creditors must file claims for payment of claims due 23 within thirty days of the last published notice or the claim is extinguished. 24

25 Sec. 11. RCW 36.120.020 and 2006 c 334 s 13 and 2006 c 311 s 4 26 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Board" means the governing body of a regional transportation investment district.

31 (2) "Department" means the Washington state department of 32 transportation.

33 (3) "Highway of statewide significance" means an existing or 34 proposed state route or federal interstate designated as a highway of 35 statewide significance by the transportation commission, the 36 department, or the legislature.

37 (4) "Lead agency" means a public agency that by law can plan, 38 design, and build a transportation project and has been so designated 39 by the district. 1 (5) "Regional transportation investment district" or "district" 2 means a municipal corporation that has been created by county 3 legislative authorities and a vote of the people under this chapter 4 to implement a regional transportation investment plan.

5 (6) "Regional transportation investment district planning 6 committee" or "planning committee" means the advisory committee 7 created under RCW 36.120.030 to create and propose to county 8 legislative authorities a regional transportation investment plan to 9 develop, finance, and construct transportation projects.

10 (7) "Regional transportation investment plan" or "plan" means a 11 plan to develop, construct, and finance a transportation project or 12 projects.

13 (8) "Transportation project" means:

(a) A capital improvement or improvements to a highway that has
been designated, in whole or in part, as a highway of statewide
significance, including an extension, that:

17 (i) Adds a lane or new lanes to an existing state or federal 18 highway; or

(ii) Repairs or replaces a lane or lanes damaged by an eventdeclared an emergency by the governor before January 1, 2002.

(b) A capital improvement or improvements to all or a portion of a highway of statewide significance, including an extension, and may include the following associated multimodal capital improvements:

(i) Approaches to highways of statewide significance;

25 (ii) High occupancy vehicle lanes;

26 (iii) Flyover ramps;

27 (iv) Park and ride lots;

28 (v) Bus pullouts;

24

29 (vi) Vans for vanpools;

30 (vii) Buses; and

31 (viii) Signalization, ramp metering, and other transportation 32 system management improvements.

33 (c) A capital improvement or improvements to all or a portion of 34 a city street, county road, or existing highway or the creation of a 35 new highway that intersects with a highway of statewide significance, 36 if all of the following conditions are met:

37 (i) The project is included in a plan that makes highway 38 improvement projects that add capacity to a highway or highways of 39 statewide significance;

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(ii) The secretary of transportation determines that the project
 would better relieve traffic congestion than investing that same
 money in adding capacity to a highway of statewide significance;

4 (iii) Matching money equal to fifteen percent of the total cost 5 of the project is provided by local entities, including but not 6 limited to a metropolitan planning organization, county, city, port, 7 or private entity in which a county participating in a plan is 8 located. Local entities may use federal grants to meet this matching 9 requirement;

10 (iv) In no case may the cumulative regional transportation 11 investment district contribution to all projects constructed under 12 this subsection (8)(c) exceed ten percent of the revenues generated 13 by the district;

14 (v) In no case may the cumulative regional transportation 15 investment district contribution to all projects constructed under 16 this subsection (8)(c) exceed one billion dollars; and

17 (vi) The specific projects are included within the plan and 18 submitted as part of the plan to a vote of the people.

(d) ((Except as otherwise provided in this subsection,)) 19 Operations, preservation, and maintenance are excluded from this 20 21 definition and may not be included in a regional transportation 22 investment plan. ((However, operations, preservation, and maintenance of tolled facilities where toll revenues have been pledged for the 23 payment of contracts is expressly authorized and may be included in a 24 25 regional transportation investment plan. The authority under this 26 subsection includes operational expenses for toll enforcement.))

(e) Operational expenses for traffic mitigation provided solely 27 for transportation project construction mitigation directly related 28 to specific projects as outlined in the plan shall be included in a 29 regional transportation investment plan. Construction mitigation 30 31 strategies may include, but are not limited to, funding for increased 32 transit service hours, trip reduction incentives, nonmotorized mode support, and ridematching services. Prior to construction of any 33 project, corridor mitigation plans must be developed in conjunction 34 with the department and partner transit agencies, including local 35 transit agencies and the regional transit authority serving the 36 counties, with the following goals: (i) Reducing drive alone trips in 37 affected corridors; (ii) reducing delay per person and delay per unit 38 39 of goods in affected corridors; and (iii) improving levels of service 40 that improve system performance for all transportation users in

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1 affected corridors. The regional transportation commission 2 established under section 2, chapter 311, Laws of 2006, or a 3 successor regional governing entity, shall review transit investments 4 according to these performance measures to determine whether to 5 continue funding for successful and effective operations after the 6 construction period is completed.

7 (9) "Weighted vote" means a vote that reflects the population 8 each board or planning committee member represents relative to the 9 population represented by the total membership of the board or 10 planning committee. Population will be determined using the federal 11 2000 census or subsequent federal census data.

12 Sec. 12. RCW 36.120.050 and 2008 c 122 s 16 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

(1) A regional transportation investment district planning committee may, as part of a regional transportation investment plan, recommend the imposition or authorization of some or all of the following revenue sources, which a regional transportation investment district may impose or authorize upon approval of the voters as provided in this chapter:

(a) A regional sales and use tax, as specified in RCW 82.14.430,
of up to 0.1 percent of the selling price, in the case of a sales
tax, or value of the article used, in the case of a use tax, upon the
occurrence of any taxable event in the regional transportation
investment district;

(b) A local option vehicle license fee, as specified under RCW 82.80.100, of up to one hundred dollars per vehicle registered in the district. As used in this subsection, "vehicle" means motor vehicle as defined in RCW 46.04.320. Certain classes of vehicles, as defined under chapter 46.04 RCW, may be exempted from this fee;

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(c) A parking tax under RCW 82.80.030;

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(d) A local motor vehicle excise tax under RCW 81.100.060;

32 (e) A local option fuel tax under RCW 82.80.120; and

33 (f) An employer excise tax under RCW 81.100.030((; and

34 (g) Vehicle tolls on new or reconstructed local or regional 35 arterials or state routes within the boundaries of the district, if 36 the following conditions are met:

37 (i) Consistent with RCW 47.56.820, the vehicle toll must first be 38 authorized by the legislature if the toll is imposed on a state 39 route; (ii) Consistent with RCW 47.56.850, the vehicle toll, including any change in an existing toll rate, must first be reviewed and approved by the tolling authority designated in RCW 47.56.850 if the toll, or change in toll rate, would have a significant impact, as determined by the tolling authority, on the operation of any state facility;

7 (iii) The regional transportation investment plan must identify
8 the facilities that may be tolled; and

9 (iv) Unless otherwise specified by law, the department shall 10 administer the collection of vehicle tolls on designated facilities, 11 and the state transportation commission, or its successor, shall be 12 the tolling authority, and shall act in accordance with RCW 13 47.56.850)).

14 (2) Taxes($(_{\overline{I}})$) and fees($(_{\overline{I}}$ and tolls)) may not be imposed or authorized without an affirmative vote of the majority of the voters 15 16 within the boundaries of the district voting on a ballot proposition 17 as set forth in RCW 36.120.070. Revenues from these taxes and fees 18 may be used only to implement the plan as set forth in this chapter. A district may contract with the state department of revenue or other 19 appropriate entities for administration and collection of any of the 20 21 taxes or fees authorized in this section.

(3) Existing statewide motor vehicle fuel and special fuel taxes,
at the distribution rates in effect on January 1, 2001, are not
intended to be altered by this chapter.

25 Sec. 13. RCW 36.120.130 and 2003 c 372 s 1 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

27 (1) (a) Notwithstanding RCW 39.36.020(1), the district may at any 28 time contract indebtedness or borrow money for district purposes and general obligation bonds or other evidences 29 issue may of 30 indebtedness, secured by the pledge of one or more of the taxes, ((tolls,)) charges, or fees authorized to be imposed by the district, 31 in an amount not exceeding, together with any existing indebtedness 32 of the district not authorized by the voters, one and one-half 33 percent of the value of the taxable property within the boundaries of 34 35 the district.

36 (b) With the assent of three-fifths of the voters voting at an 37 election, a district may contract indebtedness or borrow money for 38 district purposes and may issue general obligation bonds or other 39 evidences of indebtedness as long as the total indebtedness of the district does not exceed five percent of the value of the taxable property within the district, including indebtedness authorized under (a) of this subsection. The bonds shall be issued and sold in accordance with chapter 39.46 RCW.

5 (2) The district may at any time issue revenue bonds or other 6 evidences of indebtedness, secured by the pledge of one or more of 7 the revenues authorized to be collected by the district, to provide 8 funds to carry out its authorized functions without submitting the 9 matter to the voters of the district. These obligations shall be 10 issued and sold in accordance with chapter 39.46 RCW.

11 (3) The district may enter into agreements with the lead agencies 12 or the state of Washington, when authorized by the plan, to pledge taxes or other revenues of the district for the purpose of paying in 13 14 part or whole principal and interest on bonds issued by the lead agency or the state of Washington. The agreements pledging revenues 15 16 and taxes shall be binding for their terms, but not to exceed thirty 17 years, and no tax pledged by an agreement may be eliminated or modified if it would impair the pledge made in any agreement. 18

(4) Once construction of projects in the plan has been completed, revenues collected by the district may only be used for the following purposes: (a) Payment of principal and interest on outstanding indebtedness of the district; <u>and</u> (b) to make payments required under a pledging agreement((; <u>and</u> (c) to make payments for maintenance and operations of toll facilities as may be required by toll bond covenants)).

26 Sec. 14. RCW 47.56.820 and 2008 c 122 s 4 are each amended to 27 read as follows:

(1) ((Unless otherwise delegated,)) Only the legislature may
 authorize the imposition of tolls on eligible toll facilities.

30 (2) All revenue from an eligible toll facility must be used only 31 to construct, improve, preserve, maintain, manage, or operate the 32 eligible toll facility on or in which the revenue is collected. 33 Expenditures of toll revenues are subject to appropriation and must 34 be made only:

35 (a) To cover the operating costs of the eligible toll facility, 36 including necessary maintenance, preservation, administration, and 37 toll enforcement by public law enforcement within the boundaries of 38 the facility;

1 (b) To meet obligations for the repayment of debt and interest on the eligible toll facilities, and any other associated financing 2 costs including, but not limited to, required reserves and insurance; 3 To meet any other obligations to provide funding 4 (C) contributions for any projects or operations on the eligible toll 5 6 facilities; 7 (d) To provide for the operations of conveyances of people or 8 qoods; or (e) For any other improvements to the eligible toll facilities. 9 10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 15. The following acts or parts of acts are 11 each repealed: 12 (1) RCW 35.74.050 (Authority to operate toll bridges-Toll rate 13 review and approval by tolling authority) and 2008 c 122 s 15 & 1965 c 7 s 35.74.050; 14 (2) RCW 35.74.060 (Prerequisites of grant of franchise-Approval 15

16 of bridge—Tolls) and 1965 c 7 s 35.74.060; and

17 (3) RCW 35.74.070 (License fees—Renewal of license) and 1965 c 7 18 s 35.74.070.

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SENATE BILL 5255

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

 $\boldsymbol{B}\boldsymbol{y}$ Senators Sheldon, Honeyford, and Short

Read first time 01/16/19. Referred to Committee on Transportation.

1 AN ACT Relating to prohibiting road usage charges in rural 2 counties; and adding a new section to chapter 46.08 RCW.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 46.08
RCW to read as follows:

6 The state of Washington is prohibited from imposing or collecting 7 any new road usage charge, vehicle miles traveled fee, or other 8 similar type of comparable charge, tax, or fee, in rural counties as 9 defined in RCW 43.160.020. This prohibition shall be liberally 10 construed.

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SENATE BILL 5254

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By Senators Sheldon and Conway

AN ACT Relating to modifying the operation of motorcycles on roadways laned for traffic; amending RCW 46.61.608 and 47.52.025; prescribing penalties; and providing an expiration date.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 Sec. 1. RCW 46.61.608 and 2013 c 139 s 1 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 (1) All motorcycles are entitled to full use of a lane and no 8 motor vehicle shall be driven in such a manner as to deprive any 9 motorcycle of the full use of a lane. This subsection shall not apply 10 to motorcycles operated two abreast in a single lane.

11 (2) (a) The operator of a motorcycle shall not overtake and pass 12 in the same lane occupied by the vehicle being overtaken, except on the left-hand side of a vehicle traveling in the left-most lane of 13 traffic on a numbered state route that is a divided highway having 14 15 two or more lanes of traffic in each direction separated by a 16 physical barrier or unpaved median if the operator of the motorcycle 17 is traveling at a rate of speed no more than ten miles per hour over 18 the speed of traffic flow and not more than twenty-five miles per 19 hour. ((However, this subsection shall not apply)) When the operator of a motorcycle overtakes and passes a pedestrian or bicyclist 20

1 ((while maintaining)), the operator shall maintain a safe passing 2 distance of at least three feet.

3 (b) Any operator of a motor vehicle that intentionally impedes or 4 attempts to prevent any operator of a motorcycle from operating his 5 or her motorcycle as permitted under this subsection is guilty of a 6 traffic infraction.

7 (3) No person shall operate a motorcycle between lanes of traffic8 or between adjacent lines or rows of vehicles.

9 (4) Motorcycles shall not be operated more than two abreast in a 10 single lane.

11 (5) Subsections (2) and (3) of this section shall not apply to 12 police officers in the performance of their official duties.

13 Sec. 2. RCW 47.52.025 and 2013 c 26 s 3 are each amended to read 14 as follows:

15 (1) Highway authorities of the state, counties, and incorporated 16 cities and towns, in addition to the specific powers granted in this chapter, shall also have, and may exercise, relative to limited 17 access facilities, any and all additional authority, now or hereafter 18 vested in them relative to highways or streets within their 19 20 respective jurisdictions, and may regulate, restrict, or prohibit the use of such limited access facilities by various classes of vehicles 21 22 or traffic. Such highway authorities may reserve any limited access facility or portions thereof, including designated lanes or ramps for 23 24 the exclusive or preferential use of (a) public transportation vehicles, (b) privately owned buses, (c) motorcycles, (d) private 25 motor vehicles carrying not less than a specified number of 26 passengers, or (e) the following private transportation provider 27 vehicles if the vehicle has the capacity to carry eight or more 28 passengers, regardless of the number of passengers in the vehicle, 29 30 and if such use does not interfere with the efficiency, reliability, 31 safety of public transportation operations: (i) Auto and transportation company vehicles regulated under chapter 81.68 RCW; 32 (ii) passenger charter carrier vehicles regulated under chapter 81.70 33 RCW, except marked or unmarked stretch limousines and stretch sport 34 utility vehicles as defined under department of licensing rules; 35 (iii) private nonprofit transportation provider vehicles regulated 36 under chapter 81.66 RCW; and (iv) private employer transportation 37 38 service vehicles, when such limitation will increase the efficient utilization of the highway facility or will aid in the conservation 39

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of energy resources. Regulations authorizing such exclusive or preferential use of a highway facility may be declared to be effective at all time or at specified times of day or on specified days.

5 (2) Any transit-only lanes that allow other vehicles to access 6 abutting businesses that are reserved pursuant to subsection (1) of 7 this section may not be authorized for the use of private 8 transportation provider vehicles as described under subsection (1) of 9 this section.

(3) Highway authorities of the state, counties, or incorporated 10 cities and towns may prohibit the use of limited access facilities by 11 12 the following private transportation provider vehicles: (a) Auto transportation company vehicles regulated under chapter 81.68 RCW; 13 (b) passenger charter carrier vehicles regulated under chapter 81.70 14 RCW, and marked or unmarked limousines and stretch sport utility 15 16 vehicles as defined under department of licensing rules; (c) private 17 nonprofit transportation provider vehicles regulated under chapter 18 81.66 RCW; and (d) private employer transportation service vehicles, when the average transit speed in the high occupancy vehicle travel 19 lane fails to meet department standards and falls below forty-five 20 21 miles per hour at least ninety percent of the time during the peak 22 hours for two consecutive months.

(4) (a) Local authorities are encouraged to establish a process for private transportation providers, described under subsections (1) and (3) of this section, to apply for the use of limited access facilities that are reserved for the exclusive or preferential use of public transportation vehicles.

(b) The process must provide a list of facilities that the local authority determines to be unavailable for use by the private transportation provider and must provide the criteria used to reach that determination.

32 (c) The application and review processes must be uniform and33 should provide for an expeditious response by the authority.

34 (5) When the department has opened the use of the shoulder of a 35 limited access facility for public transportation vehicles, the 36 department must allow motorcycles to use the shoulder during the same 37 time periods and conditions.

38 <u>(6)</u> For the purposes of this section, "private employer 39 transportation service" means regularly scheduled, fixed-route 40 transportation service that is similarly marked or identified to

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display the business name or logo on the driver and passenger sides of the vehicle, meets the annual certification requirements of the department, and is offered by an employer for the benefit of its employees.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. Section 1 of this act expires July 31, 6 2022.

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