THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL

1211 Session of

INTRODUCED BY STACK, DECEMBER 9, 2013

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REFERRED TO TRANSPORTATION, DECEMBER 9, 2013

AN ACT

Amending Title 75 (Vehicles) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated 1 Statutes, in rules of the road in general, further providing 2 for speed timing devices. 3 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania 4 5 hereby enacts as follows: Section 1. Section 3368(c), (d) and (e) of Title 75 of the 6 7 Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes are amended and the section is amended by adding subsections to read: 8 9 § 3368. Speed timing devices. 10 11 Mechanical, electrical and electronic devices 12 authorized. --13 Except as otherwise provided in this section, the 14 rate of speed of any vehicle may be timed on any highway by a 15 police officer using a mechanical or electrical speed timing 16 device. 17 Except as otherwise provided in [paragraph (3)] (2)

paragraphs (3) and (3.1), electronic devices such as radio-

microwave devices (commonly referred to as electronic speed

1 meters or radar) may be used only by members of the 2 Pennsylvania State Police.

(3) Electronic devices which calculate speed by measuring elapsed time between measured road surface points by using two sensors and devices which measure and calculate the average speed of a vehicle between any two points may be used by any police officer.

(3.1) Upon passage of an ordinance, a city may install and operate automated speed enforcement systems incorporating electronic devices for the purposes of measuring and calculating the rate of speed of vehicles on highways under its respective jurisdiction as provided in subsection (k) and for providing documentation of speed violations to certify that the electronic device was operating correctly at the time of the violation. The person certifying the electronic device shall not be required to be present or to witness the violation.

(4) No person may be convicted upon evidence obtained through the use of devices authorized by paragraphs (2) and (3) unless the speed recorded is six or more miles per hour in excess of the legal speed limit. Furthermore, no person may be convicted upon evidence obtained through the use of devices authorized by paragraph (3) in an area where the legal speed limit is less than 55 miles per hour if the speed recorded is less than ten miles per hour in excess of the legal speed limit. This paragraph shall not apply to evidence obtained through the use of devices authorized by paragraph (2) or (3) within a school zone or an active work zone. No person may be convicted by evidence obtained through the use of systems authorized by paragraph (3.1) in any work zone

- when the speed recorded is less than six miles per hour in
- 2 <u>excess of the legal speed limit.</u>
- 3 (d) Classification, approval and testing of mechanical,
- 4 electrical and electronic devices.--
- 5 <u>(1)</u> The department may, by regulation, classify specific
- devices as being mechanical, electrical or electronic. All
- 7 mechanical, electrical or electronic devices shall be of a
- 8 type approved by the department[, which].
- 9 <u>(2) The department</u> shall appoint stations for
- 10 calibrating and testing the devices and may prescribe
- 11 regulations as to the manner in which calibrations and tests
- shall be made. The certification and calibration of
- electronic devices under subsection (c)(3), including those
- 14 utilized in an automated speed enforcement system under
- 15 <u>subsection (c) (3.1)</u>, shall also include the certification and
- 16 calibration of all equipment, timing strips and other devices
- 17 which are actually used with the particular electronic device
- 18 being certified and calibrated.
- 19 (3) Electronic devices commonly referred to as
- 20 electronic speed meters or radar shall have been tested for
- 21 accuracy within a period of one year prior to the alleged
- 22 violation. Other devices shall have been tested for accuracy
- 23 within a period of 60 days prior to the alleged violation.
- 24 (4) A certificate from the station showing that the
- 25 calibration and test were made within the required period and
- 26 that the device was accurate shall be competent and prima
- facie evidence of those facts in every proceeding in which a
- violation of this title is charged.
- 29 <u>(5) Automated speed enforcement systems shall undergo an</u>
- annual calibration check to be performed by the manufacturer

- or vendor. The annual calibration check shall be kept on file
- 2 and shall be admissible as evidence in any court proceeding
- 3 as prima facie evidence.
- 4 (e) Distance requirements for use of mechanical, electrical
- 5 and electronic devices. -- Mechanical, electrical or electronic
- 6 devices may not be used to time the rate of speed of vehicles
- 7 within 500 feet after a speed limit sign indicating a decrease
- 8 of speed. This limitation on the use of speed timing devices
- 9 shall not apply to speed limit signs indicating school zones,
- 10 bridge and elevated structure speed limits, hazardous grade
- 11 speed limits and work zone speed limits. This paragraph shall
- 12 not apply to the use of systems under subsection (c) (3.1).
- (f) Owner liability. -- For each speed violation determined
- 14 through the use of an automated speed enforcement system under
- 15 subsection (c) (3.1), the owner of the vehicle shall be liable
- 16 for the penalty imposed unless the owner is convicted of the
- 17 same violation under another section of this title or has a
- 18 <u>defense under subsection (j).</u>
- 19 (g) Certificate as evidence. -- A certificate, or a facsimile
- 20 of a certificate, based upon inspection of measurements recorded
- 21 by a device operated under subsection (c) (3.1) and sworn to or
- 22 electronically affirmed by a police officer employed by the city
- 23 <u>of the first class shall be prima facie evidence of the facts</u>
- 24 contained in it. The certificate must include written
- 25 <u>documentation that the electronic device was operating correctly</u>
- 26 at the time of the alleged violation. A recorded image
- 27 <u>evidencing a speed violation determined through the use of an</u>
- 28 automated speed enforcement system under subsection (c) (3.1)
- 29 shall be admissible in any judicial or administrative proceeding
- 30 to adjudicate the liability for the violation.

- 1 (h) Civil penalty. -- The penalty for a speed violation
- 2 <u>determined through the use of an automated speed enforcement</u>
- 3 system under subsection (c)(3.1) shall be a fine of \$100. This
- 4 penalty shall be imposed for violations occurring in all work
- 5 zones, whether active or not at the time of the violation. In
- 6 <u>addition</u>, the penalty under this subsection:
- 7 (1) Shall apply in place of the penalty imposed for
- 8 <u>violation of section 3365(c.1) (relating to special speed</u>
- 9 <u>limitations</u>).
- 10 (2) Shall not be deemed a criminal conviction and shall
- 11 <u>not be made part of the operating record under section 1535</u>
- 12 <u>(relating to schedule of convictions and points) of the</u>
- individual upon whom the penalty is imposed, nor may the
- 14 <u>imposition of the penalty be subject to merit rating for</u>
- insurance purposes.
- 16 (3) Shall not impose surcharge points in the provision
- of motor vehicle insurance coverage. Fines collected under
- this section shall not be subject to 42 Pa.C.S. § 3571
- 19 <u>(relating to Commonwealth portion of fines, etc.) or 3573</u>
- 20 (relating to municipal corporation portion of fines, etc.).
- 21 (i) Limitations. -- The following limitations shall apply:
- 22 (1) No automated speed enforcement system shall be
- 23 utilized in such a manner as to take a frontal view recorded
- image of the vehicle as evidence of having committed a
- 25 violation.
- 26 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, camera
- 27 <u>equipment deployed as part of the automated speed enforcement</u>
- system under this section must be incapable of automated or
- 29 user-controlled remote work zone surveillance by means of
- 30 recorded video images. Recorded images collected as part of

1	the automated speed enforcement system must only record
2	traffic violations and may not be used for any other
3	surveillance purposes. The restrictions set forth in this
4	paragraph shall not be deemed to preclude a court of
5	competent jurisdiction from issuing an order directing the
6	information to be provided to law enforcement officials if
7	the information is reasonably described and is requested
8	solely in connection with a criminal law enforcement action.
9	(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
10	information prepared under subsection (c) (3.1) and
11	information related to violations under this section which
12	are kept by the department, the city, or its authorized
13	contractors, agents or employees, including recorded images,
14	written records, reports or facsimiles, names, addresses, and
15	the number of violations under this section, shall be for the
16	exclusive use of the department, the city, or their
16 17	exclusive use of the department, the city, or their authorized contractors, agents or employees, and law
17	authorized contractors, agents or employees, and law
17 18	authorized contractors, agents or employees, and law enforcement officials for the purpose of discharging their
17 18 19	authorized contractors, agents or employees, and law enforcement officials for the purpose of discharging their duties under this section. The information shall not be
17 18 19 20	authorized contractors, agents or employees, and law enforcement officials for the purpose of discharging their duties under this section. The information shall not be deemed a public record under the act of February 14, 2008
17 18 19 20 21	authorized contractors, agents or employees, and law enforcement officials for the purpose of discharging their duties under this section. The information shall not be deemed a public record under the act of February 14, 2008 (P.L.6, No.3), known as the Right-to-Know Law. The
17 18 19 20 21	authorized contractors, agents or employees, and law enforcement officials for the purpose of discharging their duties under this section. The information shall not be deemed a public record under the act of February 14, 2008 (P.L.6, No.3), known as the Right-to-Know Law. The information shall not be discoverable by court order or
17 18 19 20 21 22	authorized contractors, agents or employees, and law enforcement officials for the purpose of discharging their duties under this section. The information shall not be deemed a public record under the act of February 14, 2008 (P.L.6, No.3), known as the Right-to-Know Law. The information shall not be discoverable by court order or otherwise, nor shall it be offered in evidence in any action
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17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	authorized contractors, agents or employees, and law enforcement officials for the purpose of discharging their duties under this section. The information shall not be deemed a public record under the act of February 14, 2008 (P.L.6, No.3), known as the Right-to-Know Law. The information shall not be discoverable by court order or otherwise, nor shall it be offered in evidence in any action or proceeding which is not directly related to a violation of this section. The restrictions set forth in this paragraph shall not be deemed to preclude a court of competent jurisdiction from issuing an order directing that the

1 (4) Recorded images obtained through the use of

2 <u>automated speed enforcement systems deployed as a means of</u>

3 promoting traffic safety shall be destroyed within one year

4 <u>of final disposition of any recorded event. The department</u>

and the city shall file notice with the Department of State

that the records have been destroyed in accordance with this

7 <u>section.</u>

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- 9 registered vehicle owner information obtained as a result of
 10 the operation of an automated speed enforcement system under
 11 this section shall not be the property of the manufacturer or
 12 vendor of the automated speed enforcement system and may not
 13 be used for any purpose other than prescribed in this
 14 section.
- (j) Defenses to violations determined through the use of
 automated speed enforcement systems.—The following are defenses
 to a speeding violation determined through the use of an
 automated speed enforcement system under subsection (c) (3.1):
- 19 (1) The person named in the notice of the violation was 20 not operating the vehicle at the time of the violation. The 21 owner must submit evidence that the owner was not the driver 22 at the time of the alleged violation. To invoke this defense, 23 the owner of the vehicle shall be required to disclose the 24 identity of the operator of the vehicle at the time of the violation and the operator's address. Upon disclosure of the 25 26 identity of the operator and the operator's address, notice of a speed violation shall be given to the operator in 27 accordance with subsections (n) and (o), and the operator 28 29 shall have the options of paying the fine, in accordance with 30 subsection (p), or requesting a hearing, in accordance with

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- 2 (2) The vehicle was reported to a police department as
 3 stolen prior to the time the violation occurred and had not
- 4 <u>been recovered prior to that time, and a copy of the report</u>
- 5 of the theft is produced and authenticated.
- 6 (3) The person receiving the notice of violation was not
 7 the owner of the vehicle at the time of the offense.
- 8 (k) Department approval and duty.--The following shall
- 9 apply:
- 10 <u>(1) The city shall designate or appoint a system</u>
- 11 <u>administrator to supervise and coordinate the administration</u>
- of the automated speed enforcement system on highways under
- their respective jurisdictions and notices of speed
- 14 <u>violations determined through the use of an automated speed</u>
- enforcement system under subsection (c) (3.1).
- 16 (2) No automated speed enforcement system may be used
- without the approval of the department, which shall have the
- 18 <u>authority to promulgate regulations for the certification and</u>
- 19 use of such systems.
- 20 (3) No automated speed enforcement system may be used
- 21 unless appropriate signs are provided before the area in
- 22 which an automated speed enforcement system is to be used
- 23 notifying the public that an automated speed enforcement
- 24 system is in use immediately ahead.
- 25 (4) The system administrator shall prepare a notice of a
- speed violation determined through the use of an automated
- 27 <u>speed enforcement system under subsection (c)(3.1) to the</u>
- registered owner of a vehicle identified in a recorded image
- 29 <u>produced by the automated speed enforcement system as</u>
- 30 evidence of such violation. The issuance of this notice of

1	violation must be done by a police officer employed by the
2	police department with primary jurisdiction over the area
3	where the violation occurred. The notice of violation shall
4	have attached to it a copy of the recorded image showing the
5	vehicle, the registration number and state of issuance of the
6	vehicle registration, the date, time and place of the alleged
7	violation, a statement that the violation charged is based on
8	the use of an automated speed enforcement system under
9	subsection (c)(3.1) and instructions for return of the notice
. 0	of violation. The text of the notice must be as follows:
.1	This notice shall be returned personally, by mail or by
.2	an agent duly authorized in writing within 30 days of
.3	issuance. A hearing may be obtained upon the written
. 4	request of the registered owner.
.5	(5) A city may install automated speed enforcement
. 6	devices on U.S. Route 1 from the Bucks County line to the
.7	interchange with Interstate 76.
. 8	(1) System administrator The system administrator:
. 9	(1) May hire and designate personnel as necessary or
0	contract for services to implement an automated speed
1	enforcement program.
2	(2) Shall process fines issued pursuant to an automated
3	speed enforcement program.
: 4	(3) Shall submit an annual report to the chairman and
2.5	minority chairman of the Transportation Committee of the
26	Senate and the chairman and minority chairman of the
27	Transportation Committee of the House of Representatives. The
28	report shall include all of the following for the prior year:
29	(i) The number of violations and fines issued.
30	(ii) A compilation of fines paid and outstanding.

1	<u>(iii) The amount of money paid under this section to </u>
2	a vendor or manufacturer.
3	(m) Notice to owner for a violation under subsection (c)
4	(3.1) In the case of a speed violation determined through the
5	use of an automated speed enforcement system under subsection
6	(c) (3.1), notice must be mailed in one of the following manners:
7	(1) When the violation involves a motor vehicle
8	registered under the laws of this Commonwealth, the notice of
9	violation must be mailed to the address of the registered
10	owner as listed in the records of the department by the later
11	of the following:
12	(i) Within 30 days after the discovery of the
13	identity of the registered owner.
14	(ii) Within 90 days after the commission of the
15	violation.
16	(2) When the violation involves a motor vehicle
17	registered in a jurisdiction other than this Commonwealth,
18	the notice of violation must be mailed to the address of the
19	registered owner as listed in the records of the official in
20	the jurisdiction having charge of the registration of the
21	vehicle by the later of the following:
22	(i) Within 30 days after the discovery of the
23	identity of the registered owner.
24	(ii) Within 90 days from the commission of the
25	violation.
26	(n) Notice to operator other than owner Where the operator
27	of the motor vehicle at the time of the violation is identified
28	as someone other than the owner, the notice of violation must be
29	mailed within 30 days after the disclosure to the department or
30	the city of the identity of the operator.

- 1 (o) Mailing of notice and records. -- Notice under subsection
- 2 (m) must be sent by first class mail. A manual or automatic
- 3 record of mailing prepared in the ordinary course of business
- 4 shall be prima facie evidence of mailing and shall be admissible
- 5 <u>in any judicial or administrative proceeding as to the facts</u>
- 6 <u>contained in it.</u>
- 7 (p) Payment of fine. -- The following shall apply:
- 8 (1) An owner to whom a notice under subsection (m) has
- 9 <u>been issued may admit responsibility for the violation and</u>
- 10 pay the fine provided in the notice.
- 11 (2) Payment made for a speed violation determined
- through the use of an automated speed enforcement
- 13 <u>system under subsection (c)(3.1) must be made personally,</u>
- 14 <u>through an authorized agent, electronically or by mailing</u>
- both payment and the notice of violation to the system
- 16 <u>administrator. Payment by mail must be made only by money</u>
- order, credit card or check made payable to the system
- 18 administrator. For speed violations occurring in work zones
- 19 on highways under the jurisdiction of the department, the
- 20 system administrator shall remit the fine, less the system
- 21 administrator's operation and maintenance costs necessitated
- 22 by this section, to the department for deposit into a
- 23 restricted revenue account within the Motor License Fund as
- 24 provided in subsection (s)(2). For speed violations occurring
- 25 in work zones on highways under the jurisdiction of the city,
- the system administrator shall remit the fine, less the
- 27 <u>system administrator's operation and maintenance costs</u>
- 28 necessitated by this section, to the city for deposit into
- its treasury as provided in subsection (s)(3).
- 30 (3) Payment of the established fine and applicable

1	penalties shall operate as a final disposition of the case.
2	(q) Enforcement
3	(1) If a violation has not been contested and the
4	assessed penalty has not been paid, the manufacturer, vendor
5	or system administrator shall send to the person who is the
6	owner of the motor vehicle a final notice of any unpaid civil
7	fine authorized by this section, except in cases where there
8	is an adjudication that no violation occurred or there is
9	otherwise a lawful determination that no civil penalty will
10	be imposed. The notice shall inform the registered owner of
11	the following:
12	(i) The manufacturer, vendor or system administrator
13	will send a referral to the department if the assessed
14	penalty is not paid within 30 days after the final notice
15	was mailed.
16	(ii) The referral will result in the nonrenewal of
17	the registration of the motor vehicle, shall cause title
18	of the vehicle involved in the violation to not be
19	transferred in this Commonwealth and shall cause the
20	person held responsible for the violation to be
21	ineligible to obtain or renew a Pennsylvania driver's
22	license if the assessed penalty is not paid.
23	(2) The manufacturer, vendor or system administrator
24	shall send a referral to the department not sooner than 30
25	days after the final notice required under paragraph (1) was
26	mailed if a violation of an ordinance or resolution adopted
27	under this section has not been contested and the assessed
28	penalty has not been paid. The referral to the department
29	shall include the following:

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(i) Any information known or available to the

1	manufacturer, vendor or system administrator concerning
2	the license plate number and year of registration and the
3	name of the owner of the motor vehicle.
4	(ii) The date when the violation occurred.
5	(iii) The date when the notice required under this
6	section was mailed.
7	(iv) The seal, logo, emblem or electronic seal of
8	the city.
9	(3) After the department receives a referral under
10	paragraph (2), the department shall enter the referral into
11	the motor vehicle database within five days of receipt, shall
12	refuse to renew the registration of the motor vehicle, shall
13	cause title of the vehicle involved in the violation to not
14	be transferred in this Commonwealth and shall cause the
15	person held responsible for the violation to be ineligible to
16	obtain or renew a Pennsylvania driver's license, unless and
17	until the civil fine plus any late fee is paid. The
18	department shall mail a notice to the person in whose name
19	the vehicle is registered that informs the person that:
20	(i) The registration of the vehicle involved in the
21	violation may not be renewed.
22	(ii) The title of the vehicle involved in the
23	violation may not be transferred.
24	(iii) The person held responsible for the violation
25	will be ineligible to obtain or renew a Pennsylvania
26	driver's license.
27	(iv) The penalties in subparagraphs (i), (ii) and
28	(iii) are being imposed due to the failure to pay the
29	civil fine for an ordinance violation adopted under the
30	authority of this section.

_	(v) The procedure that the person may rorrow to
2	remove the penalties.
3	(4) The department shall remove the penalties on a
4	vehicle and vehicle owner if any person presents the
5	department with adequate proof that the penalty and any
6	imposed reinstatement fee, if applicable, have been paid.
7	(5) Any State official charged with issuance or transfer
8	of vehicle licenses or titles, or issuance of driver's
9	licenses, shall not issue or renew the driver's license of
10	the responsible person so long as the official has notice
11	that a civil fine authorized by this section is unpaid. If
12	the system administrator has given a notice of nonpayment to
13	the appropriate licensing official and thereafter the civil
14	fine is paid, the system administrator shall transmit notice
15	of the payment to the appropriate licensing official.
16	(r) Hearing The following shall apply:
17	(1) An owner to whom a notice under subsection (m) has
18	been issued may, within 30 days of the mailing of the notice,
19	request a hearing to contest the liability alleged in the
20	notice. A hearing request must be made by appearing before
21	the system administrator during regular office hours either
22	personally or by an authorized agent or by mailing a request
23	in writing.
24	(2) Upon receipt of a hearing request, the system
25	administrator shall in a timely manner schedule the matter
26	before a hearing officer. The hearing officer shall be
27	designated by the department or the city, depending upon the
28	entity with jurisdiction over the highway where the violation
29	occurred. Written notice of the date, time and place of
30	hearing must be sent by first class mail to the owner.

1 (3) The hearing shall be informal, the rules of evidence

2 <u>shall not apply and the decision of the hearing officer shall</u>

3 <u>be final, subject to the right of the owner to appeal the</u>

4 <u>decision to the traffic court, in cities of the first class,</u>

5 <u>or the magisterial district judge.</u>

(4) If the owner requests in writing that the decision of the hearing officer be appealed to the traffic court, in cities of the first class, or the magisterial district judge, the system administrator shall file the notice of violation and supporting documents with the traffic court, in cities of the first class, or the magisterial district judge, who shall hear and decide the matter de novo.

- (s) Revenue. -- The following shall apply:
- 14 (1) The department and the commission are each

 15 authorized to use revenue generated from the automated speed

 16 enforcement program to cover the respective costs incurred by

 17 each of them in operating and administering the program.
 - (2) After deducting its operational and administrative costs, including any costs incurred by the system administrator under subsection (p)(2), the department shall deposit all remaining revenue into a restricted revenue account within the Motor License Fund under the control of the secretary, to be used exclusively for safety-related initiatives.
 - (3) After deducting its operational and administrative costs, including any costs incurred by the system administrator under subsection (p)(2), the city shall deposit all remaining revenue into a restricted receipts account within its treasury, to be used exclusively for safety-related initiatives.

- 1 (t) Definitions. --- The following words and phrases when used
- 2 <u>in this section shall have the meanings given to them in this</u>
- 3 subsection unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 4 <u>"Automated speed enforcement program." The activities</u>
- 5 involved in the deployment, use, operation and administration of
- 6 <u>an automated speed enforcement system by a city, including, but</u>
- 7 not limited to, enforcement activities and collection of fines,
- 8 and otherwise in furtherance of the powers and duties of a city
- 9 <u>under this section.</u>
- 10 "Automated speed enforcement system." A system incorporating
- 11 an electronic device that evaluates a vehicle's speed and
- 12 <u>automatically provides a documented rear vehicle image while a</u>
- 13 <u>driver is violating posted speed limits in work zones. The</u>
- 14 system also documents a vehicle image, location identification,
- 15 date, time, speed limit, vehicle violation speed and owner
- 16 identification information.
- 17 "City." A city of the first class.
- 18 Section 2. This act shall take effect in 60 days.